

$$v. \left(\operatorname{cosec}^2 \frac{\pi}{2m+1} - 1 \right) + \left(\operatorname{cosec}^2 \frac{2\pi}{2m+1} - 1 \right) + \dots + \left(\operatorname{cosec}^2 \frac{m\pi}{2m+1} - 1 \right)$$

$$= \left(\operatorname{cosec}^2 \frac{\pi}{2m+1} + \operatorname{cosec}^2 \frac{2\pi}{2m+1} + \dots + \operatorname{cosec}^2 \frac{m\pi}{2m+1} \right) - m = \frac{m(2m-1)}{3}$$

$$\therefore \operatorname{cosec}^2 \frac{\pi}{2m+1} + \operatorname{cosec}^2 \frac{2\pi}{2m+1} + \dots + \operatorname{cosec}^2 \frac{m\pi}{2m+1} = m + \frac{m(2m-1)}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3m + 2m^2 - m}{3}$$

$$= \frac{2m(m+1)}{3}$$

$$vi. \operatorname{cosec}^2 \theta \rightarrow \frac{1}{\theta^2} \therefore \sum_{k=1}^m \operatorname{cosec}^2 \frac{k\pi}{2m+1} = \frac{2m(m+1)}{3} > \sum_{k=1}^m \frac{(2m+1)^2}{k^2 \pi^2}$$

$$= \frac{(2m+1)^2}{\pi^2} \sum_{k=1}^m \frac{1}{k^2}$$

$$\therefore \left(\sum_{k=1}^m \frac{1}{k^2} \right) \cdot \frac{(2m+1)^2}{4m(m+1)} < \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

vii. From 8aiv & vi,

$$1 - \frac{4m(m+1)}{(2m+1)^2} = \frac{1}{(2m+1)^2} < 1 - \frac{6}{\pi^2} \sum_{k=1}^m \frac{1}{k^2} < 1 - \frac{2m(2m-1)}{(2m+1)^2} = \frac{6m+1}{(2m+1)^2}$$

$$viii. \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{(2m+1)^2} = 0 \quad \& \quad \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6m+1}{(2m+1)^2} = \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{6}{m} + \frac{1}{m^2}}{\left(2 + \frac{1}{m}\right)^2} = 0$$

$$\therefore 0 \leq 1 - \frac{6}{\pi^2} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^2} \leq 0 \quad \therefore \frac{6}{\pi^2} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^2} = 1$$

$$\therefore \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$